

CBRE ECONOMETRIC ADVISORS Presents

# NEW LANDSCAPE

CBRE AMERICAS RESEARCH CONFERENCE 2017

## THE PROFESSORS

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SEPTEMBER 15, 2017

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WHEN ROBOTS COME TO TOWN:  
WHAT DOES AUTOMATION  
DO TO LOCAL INDUSTRIAL  
SPACE MARKETS?

*William Wheaton, Ph.D. | CBRE EA, MIT*

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# INDUSTRIAL ROBOTICS

- MANUFACTURED BY NUMEROUS COMPANIES WORLDWIDE
- MUST BE PROGRAMMABLE, TO HANDLE A VARIETY OF TASKS UNDER VARIED CONDITIONS (UNLIKE “CAPITAL”)
- INSTALLATION IS MAJOR ELEMENT: CAN TAKE YEARS
- INDUSTRIAL ROBOT USE IS CURRENTLY CONCENTRATED IN A FEW INDUSTRIES:
  - Autos
  - Chemicals
  - Electronics
  - Glass and Ceramics
  - Metals

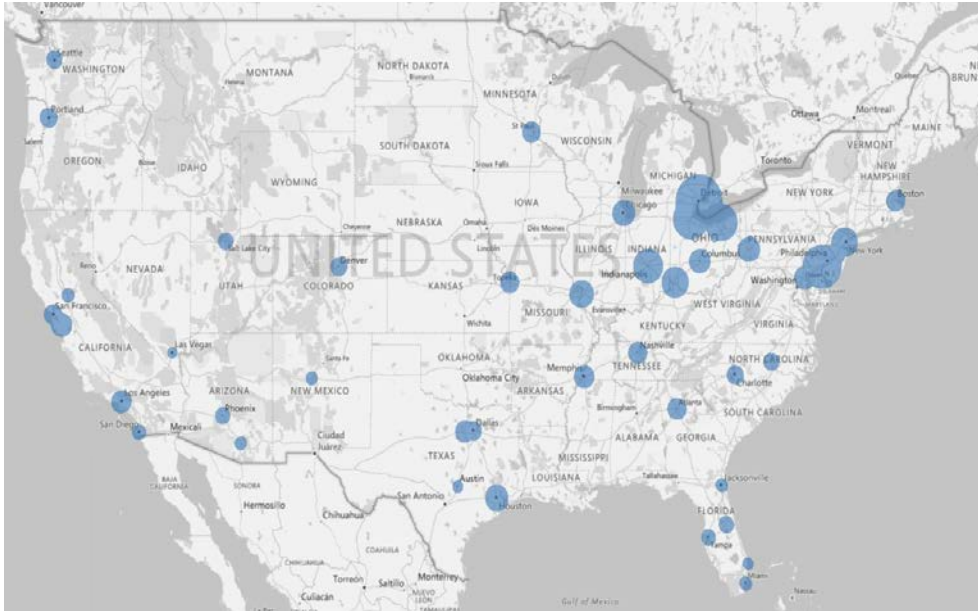
# ROBOTICS' HYPOTHETICAL IMPACT ON CRE

- LESS/MORE PRODUCTION SPACE IS REQUIRED PER UNIT OF OUTPUT, COMPARED TO WORKFORCE PRODUCTION
- LESS/MORE ANCILLARY SPACE IS REQUIRED FOR INVENTORIES, SPARE PARTS...
- TOWNS WITH ROBOTIC FACTORIES GENERATE LESS/MORE SPACE DEMAND FOR INSTALLERS, PARTS-MAKERS, CONTRACTORS, ETC.
- MORE SPACE DEMAND → NEW FACTORIES, HIGHER RENTS
- LESS SPACE DEMAND → VACANT FACTORIES, LOWER RENTS



# ROBOT DATA: INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF ROBOTICS (IFR)

Growth of Robots/Worker (1993-2007)



- ANNUAL SALES OF ROBOTS TO INDUSTRY BY COUNTRY—SINCE 1993 FOR EU, 2004 FOR U.S.
- DATA ON LOCATION OF INSTALLED ROBOT(S) IS UNAVAILABLE (PROPRIETARY TO PURCHASERS)
- WE ESTIMATED ROBOT COUNT FOR EACH MSA, BASED ON LOCAL INDUSTRY MIX AND INDUSTRY RATES OF ROBOT ADOPTION
- WE CALCULATED MSA GROWTH IN THE AGGREGATE NUMBER OF ROBOTS PER WORKER (ALL INDUSTRIES): 1993-2007

# STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

DOES THE DEGREE OF ROBOT “ADOPTION” IN A MARKET IMPACT:

- CUMULATIVE INDUSTRIAL RENT GROWTH (%, 1990-2007)?
- CUMULATIVE CHANGE IN OCCUPIED INDUSTRIAL SPACE (%, 1990-2007)?
- REGRESSION MODEL RESULTS ACROSS 45 MSAs:
- ONE ADDITIONAL ROBOT PER 1,000 WORKERS (Mean increase: 2.0 robots)
  - *Lowers industrial rent growth by 7-8%*
  - *Lowers occupied stock growth by 6-7%*
- ESTIMATES ARE HIGHLY STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT AND ARE **NOT** RESULT OF OTHER CORRELATED INDUSTRIAL SHOCKS
  - *Local IT industrial transformation*
  - *Local exposure to Chinese or Mexican imports*
  - *Local exposure to offshoring of jobs*

# WHAT'S TO COME

THE FUTURE SHOULD MIRROR THE PAST IMPACT OF ROBOT ADOPTION ON LOCAL LABOR MARKETS: WATCH OUT FOR AUTOMATION!

- Restrepo and Acemoglu (MIT, 2017) found that robots lower both labor demand (employment growth) and wages
- However, it's difficult to extrapolate such results to robots' broader impact on the general economy, where:
  - *Making and servicing robots generates jobs and factory demand*
  - *Robots' greater efficiency means increases in demand for other goods = increases in labor/space demand*



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## BIG DATA AND CRE

*Timothy H. Savage, Ph.D. | CBRE EA, NYU*

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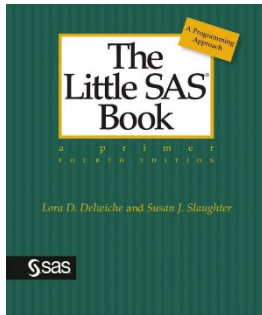
# THE NEW DIGITAL LANDSCAPE

- BY 2020, **MORE DATA** WILL BE CREATED IN A SINGLE DAY THAN IN **ALL OF 2010**.
- THE '**DIGITAL EXHAUST**' OF HUMAN ACTIVITY
- IF IT CAN BE **DIGITIZED**, IT CAN BE **ANALYZED**

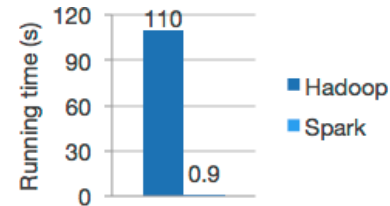


# BIG DATA

- SCALE, DISTRIBUTION, DIVERSITY AND TIMELINESS
- DATA USED TO BE **CHEAP**, BUT **COMPUTATION WAS EXPENSIVE**
- **GOOD DATA IS NOW EXPENSIVE**, BUT **COMPUTATION IS FREE**



$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 7 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} &= \frac{1}{4 \times 6 - 7 \times 2} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -7 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{10} \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -7 \\ -2 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.6 & -0.7 \\ -0.2 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$







**IN CRE BIG DATA IS  
WIDE**

# EXAMPLE: GRANULAR AND ALGORITHMIC SITE SELECTION

- **SUBMARKET AND CBD** ARE KEY CRE CONCEPTS
- **SITE SELECTION** AIDED BY DRIVERS SUCH AS **DENSITY**
- GOVERNED BY PRIOR **PERFORMANCE**, SUCH AS **RENT** OR **VACANCY**

Everything is a Recommendation

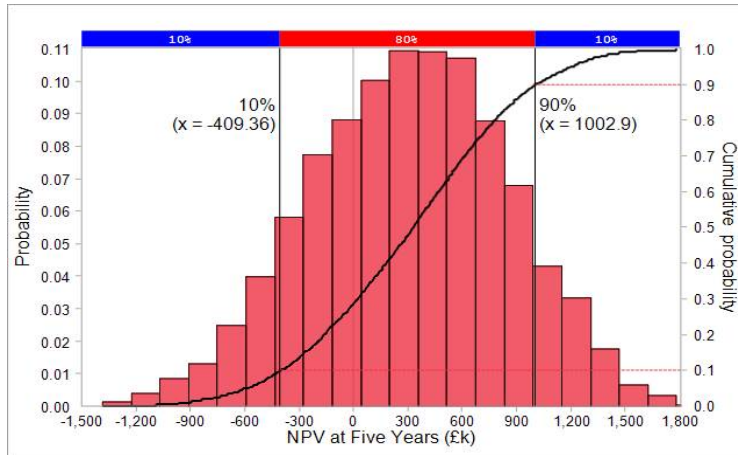


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## EXAMPLE: RISK MODELING

- **RISK MODELING ALGORITHMS ARE SIMPLY SPAM FILTERS**
- **PREDICTIVE POWER DEPENDENT ON DATA QUALITY**
- **GREATER VARIETY AND VERACITY = GREATER PREDICTIVE POWER**





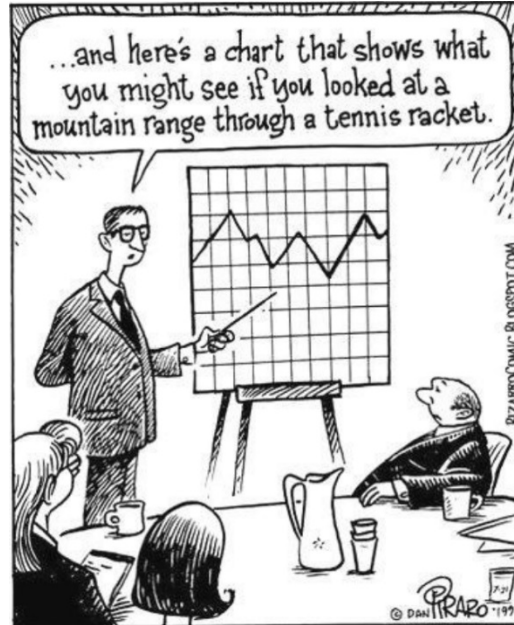
# BACK TO THE FUTURE: DATA SCIENCE AT EA

- EA **DROVE DATA SCIENCE FOR CRE**
- CURRENT **ETL PROCESS SYNTHESIZES NEARLY 30 DATA SERIES**
- **SUBSTANTIVE CHALLENGES DO NOT INVOLVE ARCHITECTURES**

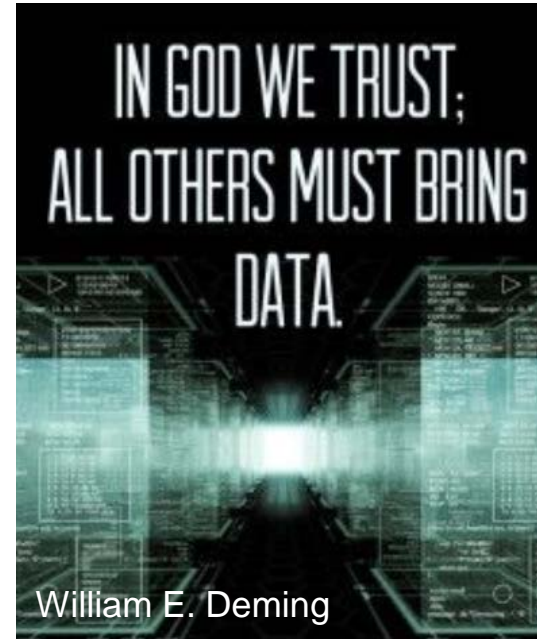


# COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE DATA: TOWARDS PARITY WITH OTHER ASSET CLASSES

**JACOB SAGI, PH.D.**  
UNIVERSITY OF NORTH  
CAROLINA  
KENAN-FLAGLER  
BUSINESS SCHOOL



- Comprehensive historical property data?
- What are the barriers?
- Proposal
  - A “merge-clean” tool
  - Data security



- Pilot study (“Phase I”)
  - Multiple data partners
  - Feasibility of merging data sources
  - Consistency of data across overlapping data fields
  - Secure workspace
  - Research Team



- After the pilot? “Phase II”
- Propose to data partners
  - Test models
  - Target Research questions
  - Success = “Phase III”



“Why Grandma, what big data you have!”

- Benefits to stakeholders
  - Data providers
  - Investors
  - Academic researchers
  - Community





# COMMERCIAL REAL ESTATE DATA: TOWARDS PARITY WITH OTHER ASSET CLASSES

White Paper Available at:

<http://uncipc.org/index.php/research-areas/real-estate/>

With participation by researchers at:

*Columbia University*

*Cornell University*

*Massachusetts Institute of Technology*

*New York University*

*Pension Real Estate Association*

*University of Chicago*

*University of Cincinnati*

*University of Florida*

*University of Indiana*

*University of NC - Chapel Hill*

*University of Pennsylvania*

*University of California at Berkeley*

*University of California at San Diego*

*University of Texas - Austin*

*University of Wisconsin*

# THANK YOU

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A decorative graphic on the right side of the slide consists of numerous 3D geometric shapes, primarily triangles and squares, in various shades of green and yellow. These shapes are scattered across the right half of the image, with a higher density and larger size towards the right edge, creating a sense of depth and movement.